



Försättsblad Prov Original

Kurskod	Provkod	Tentamensdatum
S K 0 0 1 G	4 0 0 0	2 0 1 9 - 0 1 - 1 8
Kursnamn	Statsvetenskap GR (A)	
Provnamn	Internationell politik	
Ort	Sundsvall	
Termin		
Ämne		

Examination: Political Science Ba (A): International Politics,

7.5 Credits

2019-01-18

This examination consists of 12 questions. The grades A, B, C, D, E, Fx and F can be given on the examination. On this scale the grades A through E represent pass levels, whereas Fx and F represent fail levels. The total available points are 40, and to pass the exam 20 points are needed. The levels of points for the pass grades are as follows: A=36, B=32, C=28, D=24, E=20. The allowed time for working with the examination is a maximum of 5 hours. Answers can be given in English or Swedish. Dictionaries are allowed to be used during the examination.

Question 1. Describe what is meant with the balance of power. 2 points.

Question 2. The course literature discusses two main types of sanctions in economic statecraft. What are these two types of sanctions? 2 points.

Question 3. Peacekeeping operations fall into two types, or generations. Which are these two types? 2 points.

Question 4. According to liberal economic theory, what is meant by comparative advantage? 2 points.

Question 5. What is meant with the democratic peace theory? 2 points.

Question 6. What is a fragile state? 2 points.

Question 7. What is meant with track-two diplomacy? 2 points.

Question 8. The course literature describes three various levels at which we can analyze events and trends. What are the three levels of analysis? 3 points.

Question 9. Why do most international relations theorists date the contemporary system from 1648? 3 points.

Question 10. For an entity to qualify as a state, it must meet four fundamental legal conditions outlined in the 1933 Montevideo Convention. Name the four conditions. 4 points.

Question 11. What is meant with the Cold War and was the Cold War really cold? 6 points.

Question 12. Explain a contemporary event in world politics (e.g. the Iraq wars, the war in Afghanistan, the Arab Spring) using one of the following theoretical frameworks: realism, liberalism, radicalism, social constructivism. 10 points.